

WATER QUALITY REPORT FOR THE VILLAGE OF VERMONTVILLE FOR THE YEAR 2014

This report covers the drinking water quality for the Village of Vermontville, Michigan, for the calendar year 2014. This information is a snapshot of the quality of the water that we provided to you in 2014. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state standards.

Your water comes from 3 groundwater wells located at 159 Third St and 119 West St. The wells are in an aquifer about 128 to 180 feet deep in gravel pack. The Village of Vermontville has a State approved Wellhead Protection Program (WHP). The company of Wilcox Professional Services did the work on the program to get it approved with the State. We have a citizen advisory panel composed of citizens, Council Members, Township, and County Officials.

- **Contaminants and their presence in water:** Drinking Water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the **EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791)**.
- **Vulnerability of sub-populations:** Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general populations. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune systems disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).
- **Sources of Drinking Water:** The Sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. Our water comes from wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring mineral. In some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.
- Contaminants that may be present in source water include:
 - **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
 - **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
 - **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses.
 - **Radioactive contaminants**, which are naturally occurring.

- **Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Water Quality Data

The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the 2014 calendar year. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 - December 31, 2014. The State allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. All of the data is representative of the water quality, but some are more than one year old.

Terms and abbreviations used below:

- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLGs): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- N/A: Not applicable ND: Not detectable at testing limit ppb: parts per billion or micrograms per liter ppm: parts per million or milligrams per liter pCi/l: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation).
- Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Contaminant	MCL	MCLG	Our Water	Sample Date	Violation Y / N	Typical Source of Contaminant
Arsenic-well #3	0.010mg/l	None	0.003 mg/l	06/27/2012	N	Erosion of natural deposits orchards, glass.
Arsenic-well #5	0.010	None	0.003 mg/l	06/27/2012	N	Erosion of natural deposits orchards, glass.
Arsenic – well #6	n/d	None	0.004 mg/l	7/9/08	N	Erosion of natural deposits orchards, glass.
Barium	2 mg/l	2 mg/l	0.26 mg/l	7/16/09	N	Discharge of Drilling wastes & erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride – well #3	4.0 mg/l	.1 mg/l	0.18 mg/l	06/27/2012	N	Erosion of natural deposits aluminum & fertilizer factories
Fluoride – well #5	4.0 mg/l	.1 mg/l	0.24 mg/l	09/09/2014	N	Erosion of natural deposits aluminum & fertilizer factories
Fluoride – well #6	4.0 mg/l	n/d	0.11	09/09/2014	N	Erosion of natural deposits aluminum & fertilizer factories
Unregulated						

Contaminant						
Sulfate	N / A	N / A	55 mg/l	09/09/2012	N	Erosion of natural deposits
Contaminant		Action Level	Sample Date	Our Water(*)	Number of Samples Over Action Level	
Lead		0.023 mg/l	07/12/2012	n/d	0	
Copper		0.32 mg/l	07/12/2012	n/d	0	

	Result	Units	Date
Gross Alpha	<3	Pci/l	03/10/06
RA-226	<1	Pci/l	03/27/06
RA-228	<1	Pci/l	03/21/06

(*) 90 per cent of samples at or below this level

The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data, though representative, is more than one year old.

Unregulated contaminant monitoring helps EPA to determine where certain contaminants occur and whether it needs to regulate those contaminants.

Is our water system meeting other rules that govern our operations? The State and EPA require us to test our water on a regular basis to ensure its safety.

We met all the monitoring and reporting requirements for 2014.

We are committed to providing you safe, reliable, and healthy water. We are pleased to provide you with this information to keep you fully informed about your water. We will be updating this report annually, and will also keep you informed of any problems that may occur throughout the year, as they may happen.

For more information about your water, or the contents of this report, contact Christopher Rumsey, Supervisor, at the Village Garage or call 726-1444.